

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:

Contact: James Hallinan

August 16, 2017

(505) 660-2216

AG Balderas Urges Congress to Fix Child Sex Trafficking Law

Albuquerque, NM - Attorney General Hector Balderas joined 49 other state and territorial attorneys general in a bi-partisan coalition urging Congress to affirm that all law-enforcement agencies retain their traditional authority to fight sex trafficking. In a letter to Congress, the attorneys general ask representatives to amend the Communications Decency Act (CDA) to clarify that states, localities and territories retain authority to investigate and prosecute facilitators of child sex trafficking wherever they operate, including online. The simple word addition to the CDA proposed in this letter will help to ensure that citizens and children are effectively protected throughout the entire country, in all courts.

“I’m urging Congress to act swiftly to amend this law so that we can continue to aggressively fight to protect New Mexico children from sex traffickers and the most violent, sexual predators,” Attorney General Balderas said. “Our number one priority is protecting our children and the New Mexico Internet Crimes Against Task Force’s mission cannot be obstructed – the safety and innocence of our children is at stake.”

The intention of the CDA is to protect children from indecent material online. It was never intended to place facilitators of child sex trafficking outside the reach of law enforcement. However, according to the attorneys general, the CDA is being used as a shield by those who profit from prostitution and crimes against children. In some cases, courts have interpreted certain provisions of the CDA to provide immunity from state prosecution to online classified ad sites, such as Backpage.com, that promote and profit from human trafficking.

“It is both ironic and tragic that the CDA, which was intended to protect children from indecent material on the Internet, is now used as a shield by those who profit from prostitution and crimes against children,” the attorneys general wrote.

In addition to New Mexico, the following states and territories signed onto the letter: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

See attached for a copy of the letter that was sent to Congress this morning.

###



PRESIDENT
Derek Schmidt
Kansas Attorney General

PRESIDENT-ELECT
Jeff Landry
Louisiana Attorney General

VICE PRESIDENT
Tim Fox
Montana Attorney General

IMMEDIATE PAST PRESIDENT
George Jepsen
Connecticut Attorney General

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
James McPherson

August 16, 2017

The Honorable Roger Wicker
Chairman
Senate Subcommittee on Communications,
Technology, Innovation and the Internet
Committee on Commerce, Science and
Transportation

The Honorable Brian Schatz
Ranking Member
Senate Subcommittee on Communications,
Technology, Innovation and the Internet
Committee on Commerce, Science, and
Transportation

The Honorable Marsha Blackburn
Chairman
House of Representatives Subcommittee on Communications
and Technology
Committee on Energy and Commerce

The Honorable Michael Doyle
Ranking Member
House of Representative Subcommittee on Communications and
Technology
Committee on Energy and Commerce

RE: Amendment of Communications Decency Act

Dear Chairman Wicker, Ranking Member Schatz, Chairman Blackburn, and
Ranking Member Doyle:

In 2013, Attorneys General from 49 states and territories wrote to Congress, informing it that some courts have interpreted the Communications Decency Act of 1996 (“CDA”) to render state and local authorities unable to take action against companies that actively profit from the promotion and facilitation of sex trafficking and crimes against children. Unfortunately, nearly four years later, this problem persists and these criminal profiteers often continue to operate with impunity. The recent news highlighting the potential complicity of online classified-ad company Backpage.com in soliciting sex traffickers’ ads for its website once again underscores the need to expand, not limit, the ability of *all* law-enforcement agencies to fight sex

1850 M Street, NW
Twelfth Floor
Washington, DC 20036
Phone: (202) 326-6000
<http://www.naag.org/>

trafficking.¹ The undersigned Attorneys General once again respectfully request that the United States Congress amend the CDA to affirm that state, territorial, and local authorities retain their traditional jurisdiction to investigate and prosecute those who facilitate illicit acts and endanger our most vulnerable citizens.

As noted in the 2013 letter, certain federal courts have broadly interpreted the CDA.² One high-profile result is that some state and local law enforcement agencies have been left powerless to act against online classified ad services, such as Backpage.com, which have constructed their business models around advertising income gained from participants in the sex trade.³ Just a few examples of the countless instances of child sex trafficking — and its online promotion — that occur every day in the United States include the following:

- Police in Stockton, California recently arrested more than 20 people in a human trafficking and prostitution ring. Eight girls between the ages of 14 and 17 were being trafficked for sex using advertisements on Backpage.com.⁴
- Federal and state law enforcement recently arrested a Chicago man accused of pimping a 16-year-old girl via Backpage.com, leading to her murder. The man “shopped [the girl] around on Backpage.com,” delivered her to a customer, and then fell asleep in his car outside a parking garage. When he awoke, he discovered the girl’s body in the garage, “her throat slit and her body badly beaten.”⁵

¹ Tom Jackman and Jonathan O’Connell, *Backpage has always claimed it doesn’t control sex-related ads. New Documents show otherwise*, Washington Post, July 11, 2017, available at https://www.washingtonpost.com/local/public-safety/backpage-has-always-claimed-it-doesnt-control-sex-related-ads-new-documents-show-otherwise/2017/07/10/b3158ef6-553c-11e7-b38e-35fd8e0c288f_story.html (last visited July 12, 2017).

² See, e.g., Senate Permanent Subcommittee v. Ferrer, 199 F. Supp. 3d 125, 136 (D.D.C. 2016), *vacated as moot*, 856 F.3d 1080 (D.C. Cir. 2017); Backpage.com, LLC v. McKenna, 881 F. Supp. 2d 1262, 1275 (W.D. Wash. 2012); M.A. v. Village Voice Media Holdings, LLC, 809 F. Supp. 2d 1041, 1048–56 (E.D. Mo. 2011); Dart v. Craigslist, 665 F. Supp. 2d 961, 965 & n.6 (N.D. Ill. 2009); Doe v. Bates, 2006 WL 3813758, at **3–5 (E.D. Tex. Dec. 27, 2006); see also Google, Inc. v. Hood, 96 F. Supp. 3d 584, 596–98 (S.D. Miss. 2015), *vacated & remanded on other grounds*, 822 F.3d 212 (5th Cir. 2016).

³ While Backpage.com claims to have shut down its prostitution/escort ads after a U.S. Senate hearing in January, there are reports of the ads merely moving to different sections. See Brian Rokos, *Backpage.com Removes ‘Escort’ Ads – Or Does It?*, Press-Enterprise, Jan. 11, 2017, available at <http://www.pe.com/articles/backpage-822842-ads-subcommittee.html> (last visited July 6, 2017); Kevin Litten, *New Orleans Backpage Prostitution Ads Now Listed as Dating Ads, Human Trafficking Experts Say*, Times-Picayne, Jan. 17, 2017, available at http://www.nola.com/politics/index.ssf/2017/01/backpage_prostitution_new_orle.html (last visited July 6, 2017); Stephen Koff, *Backpage.com Still Appears to Be Running Ads for Prostitutes, Sexual Services*, Cleveland.com, Jan. 12, 2017, available at http://www.cleveland.com/metro/index.ssf/2017/01/backpagecom_might_not_have_act.html (last visited July 6, 2017).

⁴ Sarah Heise, *23 Arrested for Human Trafficking, Prostitution in San Joaquin County*, KCRA 3, May 5, 2017, available at <http://www.kcra.com/article/23-arrested-in-san-joaquin-county-human-trafficking/9588063> (last visited June 29, 2017).

⁵ *Feds Charge Man for Prostituting 16-Year-Old Girl Before Her Murder*, ABC 7 Eyewitness News, June 21, 2017, available at <http://abc7chicago.com/news/feds-charge-man-for-prostituting-16-year-old-girl-before-her-murder/2128793/> (last visited June 29, 2017).

- Police in Georgia recently arrested three people who used Backpage.com to pimp a pregnant 17-year-old girl.⁶
- Police in Florida recently arrested a woman who used Backpage.com to prostitute a missing 16-year-old girl throughout Broward County.⁷

Clearly, in these instances, Backpage.com is facilitating — and profiting from — these illegal activities. However, certain interpretations of the CDA have resulted in companies like Backpage.com remaining outside the reach of state and local law enforcement in these kinds of cases. We do not believe that was Congress’s intent in passing the CDA, and we do not believe that is Congress’s intent now. It is both ironic and tragic that the CDA, which was intended to protect children from indecent material on the internet,⁸ is now used as a shield by those who profit from prostitution and crimes against children.

Federal enforcement alone has proved insufficient to stem the growth in online promotion of child sex trafficking. Those on the front lines of the battle against the sexual exploitation of children — state and local law enforcement — must have the clear authority to investigate and prosecute facilitators of these and other horrible crimes. Thus, we recommend that 47 U.S.C. § 230(e)(1) be amended to the following (added language in **bold**):

Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair the enforcement of section 223 or 231 of this title, chapter 71 (relating to obscenity) or 110 (relating to sexual exploitation of children) of title 18, or any other Federal, **State, or Territorial** criminal statute.

We are aware of efforts in Congress to preserve state criminal statutes that prohibit certain kinds of sexual exploitation and sex trafficking, and to preserve federal and state statutes that provide causes of action, restitution, or other civil remedies to victims. We ask that, in addition to these efforts, Congress consider enacting our proposed change. We believe the CDA should be clear in preserving both state and territorial law to the same extent that it preserves federal law — *i.e.*, the CDA should be clear that it preserves *all* state and territorial criminal statutes, just as it preserves *all* federal criminal statutes. The simple addition this letter proposes would do just that and will help to ensure that we are able to effectively protect citizens and

⁶ Ross Cavitt, *Trio Accused of Pimping Pregnant Teen for Sex*, WSB-TV 2, June 23, 2017, available at <http://www.wsbtv.com/news/local/cobb-county/trio-accused-of-pimping-pregnant-teen-for-sex/539101607> (last visited June 29, 2017).

⁷ Tonya Alanez, *Girl, 19, Accused of Pimping Out Missing 16-Year-Old*, Sun Sentinel, June 2, 2017, available at <http://www.sun-sentinel.com/local/broward/plantation/fl-teen-female-pimp-arrest-20170601-story.html> (last visited June 29, 2017).

⁸ 104 Cong. Rec. S2308-01 (daily ed. June 14, 1995) (statement of Sen. Coats) (“Mr. President, all you have to do is pick up the telephone and call the FBI, ask their child exploitation task force about the volume of over-the-Internet attempts to seduce, abuse, and lure children into pornography and sexual exploitation.”); 104 Cong. Rec. H8470 (daily ed. Aug. 4, 1995) (statement of Rep. Cox) (“We want to encourage people like Prodigy, like CompuServ, like America Online, like the new Microsoft network, to do everything possible for us, the customer, to help us control, at the portals of our computers, at the front door of our house, what comes in and what our children see.”).

children throughout the entire country, in all courts. We thank you for your attention to this vital matter.

Respectfully,



Karl A. Racine
District of Columbia Attorney General



Steve Marshall
Alabama Attorney General



Mark Brnovich
Arizona Attorney General



Xavier Becerra
California Attorney General



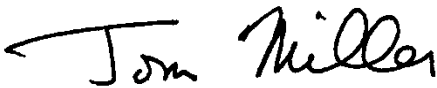
Matthew Denn
Delaware Attorney General



Douglas S. Chin
Hawaii Attorney General



Lisa Madigan
Illinois Attorney General



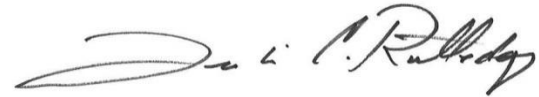
Tom Miller
Iowa Attorney General



Pamela Jo Bondi
Florida Attorney General



Jahna Lindemuth
Alaska Attorney General



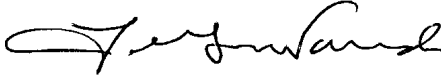
Leslie Rutledge
Arkansas Attorney General



Cynthia H. Coffman
Colorado Attorney General



Chris Carr
Georgia Attorney General



Lawrence Wasden
Idaho Attorney General



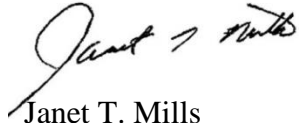
Curtis T. Hill Jr.
Indiana Attorney General



Derek Schmidt
Kansas Attorney General



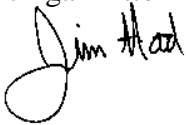
Andy Beshear
Kentucky Attorney General



Janet T. Mills
Maine Attorney General



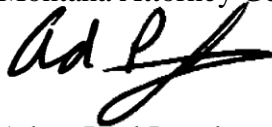
Bill Schuette
Michigan Attorney General



Jim Hood
Mississippi Attorney General



Tim Fox
Montana Attorney General



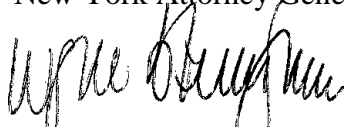
Adam Paul Laxalt
Nevada Attorney General



Christopher S. Porrino
New Jersey Attorney General



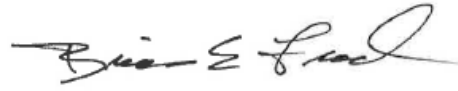
Eric T. Schneiderman
New York Attorney General



Wayne Stenehjem
North Dakota Attorney General



Jeff Landry
Louisiana Attorney General



Brian Frosh
Maryland Attorney General



Lori Swanson
Minnesota Attorney General



Josh Hawley
Missouri Attorney General



Douglas Peterson
Nebraska Attorney General



Gordon MacDonald
New Hampshire Attorney General



Hector Balderas
New Mexico Attorney General



Josh Stein
North Carolina Attorney General



Mike DeWine
Ohio Attorney General

Mike Hunter
Oklahoma Attorney General

Josh Shapiro
Pennsylvania Attorney General

Peter Kilmartin
Rhode Island Attorney General

Marty J. Jackley
South Dakota Attorney General

Ken Paxton
Texas Attorney General

T.J. Donovan
Vermont Attorney General

Robert W. Ferguson
Washington Attorney General

Brad Schimel
Wisconsin Attorney General

Ellen F. Rosenblum
Oregon Attorney General

Wanda Vázquez Garced
Puerto Rico Attorney General

Alan Wilson
South Carolina Attorney General

Herbert H. Slatery, III
Tennessee Attorney General

Sean Reyes
Utah Attorney General

Mark R. Herring
Virginia Attorney General

Patrick Morrissey
West Virginia Attorney General

Peter K. Michael
Wyoming Attorney General

Copy: The Honorable John Thune, Chairman, Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation; The Honorable Bill Nelson, Ranking Member, Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation; The Honorable Greg Walden, Chairman, House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce; The Honorable Frank Pallone, Ranking Member, House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce